

Citations for the 54 data sources contributing to the pilot Threatened Frog Index:

1. Alpine Resorts Victoria (2024). Monitoring of Alpine Tree Frogs at Mount Hotham Alpine Resort. Alpine Resorts Victoria and Biosis Research. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
2. Christy, M. (2024). Monitoring of *Litoria aurea* at Homebush Bay and Kurnell, Sydney. Christy, M. (2001). Ecology and Conservation Biology of the Green and Golden Bell Frog (*Litoria aurea*). PhD thesis, The University of Sydney. The University of Sydney. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
3. City of Whittlesea (2024). Monitoring of Growling Grass Frogs at the City of Whittlesea quarry, undertaken by Peter Homan Fauna Consultancy. City of Whittlesea and Peter Homan Fauna Consultancy. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
4. Coliban Water (2024). Annual monitoring of *Litoria raniformis* at the Bendigo Wastewater Reclamation Plant, Epsom. Coliban Water. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
5. Daly, G. (2024). Surveys for *Litoria aurea* conducted from 1996-2014 on the Crookhaven River floodplain. Daly, G. (2014). From rags to riches and back again: fluctuations in the Green and Golden Bell Frog *Litoria aurea* population at Nowra on the south coast of New South Wales. *Australian Zoologist* 37, 157-172. Gaia Research. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
6. Daly, G., Craven, P. (2024). Population monitoring for *Litoria watsoni* in conservation reserves near Nowra, south coast of New South Wales. Daly, G., Craven, P. (2007). Monitoring populations of Heath Frog *Litoria littlejohni* in the Shoalhaven region on the south coast of New South Wales. *Australian Zoologist* 34, 165-172. Gaia Research. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
7. Daly, G., Craven, P., Hyatt, A. (2024). Monitoring of *Litoria aurea* at Meroo National Park, NSW. Daly, G., Craven, P., Hyatt, A. (2008). Surveys for the Green and Golden Bell Frog *Litoria aurea* at Meroo National Park on the south coast of New South Wales. *Australian Zoologist* 34, 303-313. Gaia Research. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
8. DBCA (2024). Survey based counts of *Spicospina flammocaerulea* at key monitoring sites in south-western Western Australia. Data compiled by Janine Liddelow. The State of Western Australia. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
9. DBCA (2024). Time-series of calling detections of *Spicospina flammocaerulea* from acoustic monitoring using Songmeters. The State of Western Australian. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.

10. Driscoll, D. (2024). Mark-recapture monitoring of *Anstisia vittellina*. Driscoll, D. (1998) Counts of calling males as estimates of population size in the endangered frogs *Geocrinia alba* and *G. vittellina*. *Journal of Herpetology* 32, 475-481. The University of Western Australia. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
- 11-14. FCNSW (2024). Long-term monitoring of *Pseudophryne pengilleyi* in NSW. Data compiled by Rohan Bilney. The State of New South Wales. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
15. FCNSW (2024). Tadpole monitoring for Southern Owl Frog in south-eastern NSW, Forestry Corporation of New South Wales. Data compiled by Rohan Bilney. The State of New South Wales. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
16. Gillespie, G., Hunter, D., Berger, L., Marantelli, G. (2024). Monitoring of the decline and extinction of *Litoria spenceri* at Bogong Creek. Gillespie, G., Hunter, D., Berger, L., Marantelli, G. (2015). Rapid decline and extinction of a montane frog population in southern Australia follows detection of the amphibian pathogen *Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis*. *Animal Conservation* 18, 295-302. The University of Melbourne. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
17. Goldingay, R. Bolitho, L. Newell, D. (2024). Mark-recapture estimates of population size of Green and Golden Bell Frogs at Yuraygir National Park, NSW. Goldingay, R. Bolitho, L. Newell, D. (2020). Population stability in an unmanaged population of the green and golden bell frog in northern New South Wales, Australia. *Australian Journal of Zoology* 60, 126-135. Southern Cross University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
18. Goldingay, R., Lewis, B. (2024). Monitoring and mark-recapture estimates of population size for *Litoria aurea* in the Illawarra region. Goldingay, R., Lewis, B. (1999). Development of a conservation strategy for the Green and Golden Bell Frog *Litoria aurea* in the Illawarra Region of New South Wales. *Australian Zoologist* 31, 376-387. Southern Cross University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
19. Hamer, A., Heard, G., Urlus, J., Ricciardello, J., Schmidt, B., Quin, D. & Steele, W. (2024). Monitoring of wetland occupancy by *Litoria raniformis* at the Western Treatment Plant in southern Victoria. Hamer, A., Heard, G., Urlus, J., Ricciardello, J., Schmidt, B., Quin, D. & Steele, W. (2016). Manipulating wetland hydroperiod to improve occupancy rates by an endangered amphibian: modelling management scenarios. *Journal of Applied Ecology* 53, 1842-1851. Melbourne Water. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
20. Heard, G., Robertson, P., Scroggie, M., Parris, K., McCarthy, M., West, M. (2024). Monitoring of *Litoria raniformis* and sympatric species across northern Melbourne, Victoria. The University of Queensland. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.

21. Hines, H., Meyer, E. (2024). Change in patch occupancy for *Taudactylus pleione* inferred from long-term monitoring. The State of Queensland and Ed Meyer. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
22. Hines, H., Meyer, E. (2024). Long-term monitoring of *Litoria olongburensis* at Bribie Island, Queensland. The State of Queensland and Ed Meyer. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
23. Hollanders, M., Grogan, L., Nock, C., McCallum, H., Newell, D. (2024). Mark-recapture surveys for *Mixophyes fleayi* at three sites in northern NSW. Hollanders, M., Grogan, L., Nock, C., McCallum, H., Newell, D. (2022). Recovered frog populations coexist with endemic *Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis* despite load-dependent mortality. *Ecological Applications*, 33:e2724. Southern Cross University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
24. Hollis, G. (2024). Monitoring of *Philoria frosti* across the Baw Baw plateau. Hollis (2004). *Ecology and Conservation Biology of the Baw Baw Frog Philoria frosti (Anura: Myobatrachidae): Distribution, Abundance, Autoecology and Demography*. PhD thesis, The University of Melbourne. The University of Melbourne. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
25. Hoskin, C. (2024). Long-term monitoring of threatened, near-threatened and previously threatened frog species in the Wet Tropics regions of Queensland (*Litoria lorica* monitoring). James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
26. Hoskin, C. (2024). Long-term monitoring of threatened, near-threatened and previously threatened frog species in the Wet Tropics regions of Queensland (*Litoria rheocola*, Carbine Tableland). James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
27. Hoskin, C. (2024). Long-term monitoring of threatened, near-threatened and previously threatened frog species in the Wet Tropics regions of Queensland (*Litoria rheocola*, Mt Lewis). James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
28. Hoskin, C., Bertola, L. (2024). Long-term monitoring of threatened, near-threatened and previously threatened frog species in the Wet Tropics regions of Queensland (*Litoria myola*, Kuranda). James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
29. Hoskin, C., Puschendorf, R. (2024). Long-term monitoring of threatened, near-threatened and previously threatened frog species in the Wet Tropics regions of Queensland (*Litoria lorica* re-discovery). James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.

30. Humphries, R., Osborne, W. (2024). Consolidation of early monitoring and surveys for *Litoria aurea* and *L. raniformis* in the Southern Tablelands of NSW and the ACT. Humphries, R. (1979). Dynamics of a breeding frog community. PhD thesis, The Australian National University. Osborne, W. (1996). Former distribution and apparent disappearance of the *Litoria aurea* complex from the Southern Tablelands of New South Wales and the Australian Capital Territory. *Australian Zoologist* 30, 190-198. The Australian National University; The University of Canberra. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
31. Hunter, D. (2024). Mark-recapture monitoring of *Litoria booroolongensis* at three sites in NSW. Hunter (2007). Conservation Management of Two Threatened Frog Species in South-Eastern New South Wales, Australia. PhD thesis, The University of Canberra. The University of Canberra. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
32. Hunter, D. (2024). Monitoring the abundance of calling male *Pseudophyrne corroboree* during a population augmentation experiment. Hunter (2007). Conservation Management of Two Threatened Frog Species in South-Eastern New South Wales, Australia. PhD thesis, The University of Canberra. The University of Canberra. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
33. Koehler, S., Gilmore, D., Newell, D. (2024). Monitoring of a translocated population of *Litoria raniformis* in Epping, Victoria. Koehler, S., Gilmore, D., Newell, D. (2014). Translocation of the threatened Growling Grass Frog *Litoria raniformis*: a case study. *Australian Zoologist* 37, 321-336. Biosis Research and Southern Cross University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
34. Laurance, W., McDonald, K. Spears, R. (2024). Counts of stream frogs detected along transects before and after the arrival of chytrid fungus. Laurance, W., McDonald, K. Spears, R. (1996) Epidemic disease and the catastrophic decline of Australian rainforest frogs. *Conservation Biology* 10, 406-413. James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
35. Lewis, B., Goldingay, R. (2024). Monitoring of *Litoria longburensis* across northern NSW, 1996-2000. Lewis, B. and Goldingay, R. (2005). Population monitoring of the vulnerable wallum sedge frog (*Litoria longburensis*) in north-eastern New South Wales. *Australian Zoologist* 53, 185-194. Southern Cross University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
36. Lowe, K. Castley, J., Hero, J-M. (2024). Monthly counts of adult *Litoria longburensis* for burnt sites and unburnt sites in south-east Queensland. Lowe, K. Castley, J., Hero, J-M. (2013). Acid frogs can stand the heat: amphibian resilience to wildfire in coastal wetlands of eastern Australia. *International Journal of Wildland Fire* 22, 947-958. Griffith University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.

- 37.** Mary River Catchment Coordinating Committee (2024). Stream Frog monitoring, Mary River Catchment Coordinating Committee. Compiled by Eva Ford. Mary River Catchment Coordinating Committee. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
- 38.** Newell, D., Bolitho, L., Willacy, R., Hines, H. (2024). Occupancy trends for *Phyllorhina kundagungan* and *P. richmondensis*. Heard, G., Bolitho, L., Newell, D., Hines, H., Willacy, R., Norman, P., Scheele, B. (2023). Drought, fire and rainforest endemics: a case study of two threatened frogs impacted by Australia's 'Black Summer'. *Ecology and Evolution* 13, e10069. Southern Cross University, The State of Queensland and The Australian National University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
- 39.** Newell, D., Goldingay, R., Brooks, L. (2024). Mark-recapture estimates of population size over a 7-year period for *Mixophyes fleayi* at two sites. Newell, D., Goldingay, R., Brooks, L. (2013). Population recovery following decline in an endangered stream-breeding frog (*Mixophyes fleayi*) from subtropical Australia. *PLoS One*, 8 e58559. Southern Cross University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
- 40.** Osborne, W., Hunter, D., Hollis, G. (2024). Counts of calling male *Pseudophryne corroboree* and *P. pengilleyi* subject to monitoring during the period 1986-1998. Osborne, W., Hunter, D., Hollis, G. (1999). Population declines and range contraction in Australian alpine frogs. pp. 145-157 in *Declines and Disappearances of Australian Frogs*. Ed. A. Campbell. Environment Australia, Canberra. The University of Canberra and The State of New South Wales. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
- 41.** Phillott, A., Grogan, F., Cashins, S., McDonald, K., Berger, L., Skerratt, L. (2024). Detections of *Litoria rheocola* during a mark-recapture study in the Wet Tropics. Phillott, A., Grogan, F., Cashins, S., McDonald, K., Berger, L., Skerratt, L. (2013) Chytridiomycosis and seasonal mortality of tropical stream-associated frogs 15 years after introduction of *Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis*. *Conservation Biology* 27, 1058-1068. James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
- 42.** Pickett, E., Stockwell, M., Bower, D., Pollard, C., Garnham, J., Clulow, J. & Mahony, M. (2024). Population estimates of *Litoria aurea* over six years at the Sydney Olympic Park. Pickett, E., Stockwell, M., Bower, D., Pollard, C., Garnham, J., Clulow, J. & Mahony, M. (2013). Six-year demographic study reveals threat of stochastic extinction for remnant populations of a threatened amphibian. *Austral Ecology* 39, 244-253. The University of Newcastle. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
- 43.** Pyke, G., White, A. (2024). Monitoring of *Litoria aurea* at three sites at Homebush Bay, Sydney. Pyke, G., White, A. (1999). Dynamics of co-occurring frog species in three ponds utilized by the endangered Green and Golden Bell Frog *Litoria aurea*. *Australian Zoologist* 31, 230-239. Australian Museum. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.

44. QPWS (2024). Monitoring of *Litoria kroombitensis*, Kroombit Tops, Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service. Compiled by Harry Hines. The State of Queensland. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
45. Retallick, R., McCallum, H., Speare, R. (2024). Mark-recapture surveys for *Taudactylus eungellensis* at Eungella, QLD. James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
46. Richards, S., Alford, R., McDonald, K. (2024). Monitoring of six frog species endemic to the tropical rainforests of North Queensland before and after the arrival of chytrid fungus. Richards, S., Alford, R., McDonald, K. (1993). Declines in populations of Australia's endemic tropical rainforest frogs. *Pacific Conservation Biology* 1, 66-77. James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
47. Roberts, D., Conroy, S., Williams, K. (2024). Counts of calling males for three populations of *Anstisia alba* and two populations of *Anstisia vitellina* for the period 1992-1998. Roberts, D., Conroy, S., Williams, K. (1999). Conservation status of frogs in Western Australia. In *Declines and Disappearances of Australian Frogs*. pp. 177-184. Ed. A. Campbell. Environment Australia, Canberra. The University of Western Australia. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
48. Schmidt, K., Richards, S., Peason, R., Alford, R., Puschendorf, R. (2024). Tadpole monitoring in select streams in the Wet Tropics. Schmidt, K., Richards, S., Peason, R., Alford, R., Puschendorf, R. (2019). Seasonal, annual and decadal change in tadpole populations in tropical Australian streams. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 40, 447-459. James Cook University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
49. Sinn, D. and Philips, A. (2024). Short term monitoring of *Litoria burrowsae* in Tasmania. Sinn, D. and Philips, A. (2014). Tasmanian Frog and chytrid monitoring 2014: sound recording, capture-mark-recapture and chytrid status. NRM South and Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water & Environment, Hobart. The State of Tasmania. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
50. The State of Victoria (2024). Victorian Biodiversity Atlas data extract 2023 - *Litoria aurea*. Compiled by Emily McColl-Gausden, The University of Melbourne. DEECA. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
51. The University of Newcastle (2024). Long term monitoring of the Green and Golden Bell Frog (*Litoria aurea*) at Kooragang Island, NSW. Collected through the Kooragang Island-Wide Survey program for Green and Golden Bell Frogs, School of Environmental and Life Sciences, University of Newcastle. Data compiled by Colin McHenry. The University of Newcastle. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.

- 52.** Wassens, S. (2024). Long term monitoring of the frog populations, including Southern Bell Frog (*Litoria raniformis*) across the mid and Lower Murrumbidgee floodplain wetlands. Collected through multiple projects including - PhD Wassens, S. (2005) The use of Space by the Endangered Southern Bell Frog (*Litoria raniformis*) in the semi-arid region of New South Wales, Australia. Charles Sturt University. Ecological responses to Environmental water (2006-2010) funded under the NSW River Bank program, NSW Government Murrumbidgee Short Term Intervention Monitoring Programs (2011-2014) Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder, Commonwealth Government Long-Term Intervention Monitoring Program (2014-2019) Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder, Commonwealth Government Monitoring Evaluation and Research Program (2019-2024) Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder, Commonwealth Government School of Agricultural, Environmental and Veterinary Sciences, Charles Sturt University. Data compiled and supplied by Prof. Skye Wassens. Charles Sturt University. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
- 53.** West, M., Hunter, D., Scroggie, M., Johnson, G., Smith, S., McCarthy, M., Gillespie, G. (2024). Estimates of declines in site occupancy for *Litoria spenceri* in Victoria. West, M., Hunter, D., Scroggie, M., Johnson, G., Smith, S., McCarthy, M., Gillespie, G. (2024). Harnessing historic records and long-term monitoring data to evaluate amphibian extinction dynamics. *Biological Conservation* 292, 110477. The University of Melbourne. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.
- 54.** White, A., Pyke, G. (2024). Monitoring of *Litoria aurea* in Eastlakes, Sydney. White, A., Pyke, G. (1996). Distribution and conservation status of the Green and Golden Bell Frog *Litoria aurea* in New South Wales. *Australian Zoologist* 30, 177-189. Biosphere Environmental Consultants. Biosphere Environmental Consultants. Aggregated for the Australian Threatened Species Index, an output of the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub and operated by the Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network, The University of Queensland.